areas, except when caused by act of God or improper design;

- (4) Painting of buildings (inside and outside) and replacement of damaged items normally anticipated;
- (5) Repairing and replacing burned out or broken fixtures and cables, unless major reconstruction is needed;
- (6) Paving repairs in localized areas, except where the size of the work is such that it constitutes a major repair item or is part of a reconstruction project; and
- (7) Refilling joints and resealing surface of pavements.
- (b) Repair includes any work not included in paragraph (a) of this section that is necessary to restore existing airport facilities to good condition or preserve them in good condition.

§ 151.99 Modifications of programming standards.

The Director, Airports, Service, or the Regional Director concerned may, on individual projects, when necessary for adaptation to meet local conditions, modify any standard set forth in or incorporated into this subpart, if he determines that the modification will provide an acceptable level of safety, economy, durability, or workmanship.

[Amdt. 151–13, 31 FR 11605, Sept. 2, 1966]

Subpart D—Rules and Procedures for Advance Planning and Engineering Proposals

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 47151, 47153.

SOURCE: Docket No. 6227, 30 FR 8040, June 23, 1965, unless otherwise noted.

§ 151.111 Advance planning proposals: General.

- (a) Each advance planning and engineering proposal must relate to an airport layout plan or plans and specifications for the development of a new airport, or the further development of an existing airport. Each proposal must relate to a specific airport, either existing or planned, and may not be for general area planning.
- (b) Each proposal for the development or further development of an airport must have as its objective either the development of an airport layout

plan, under §151.5(a), or the development of plans designed to lead to a project application, under §§151.21(c) and 151.27, or both.

- (c) Each proposal must relate to planning and engineering for an airport that—
- (1) Is in a location shown on the National Airport Plan; and
- (2) Is not served by scheduled air carrier service and located in a large or medium hub, as identified in the current edition of "Airport Activity Statistics of Certificated Route Air Carriers" (published jointly by FAA and the Civil Aeronautics Board), that is available for inspection at any FAA Area or Regional Office, or for sale by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.
- (d) Each proposal must relate to future airport development projects eligible under subparts B and C.

 $(49~\mathrm{U.S.C.}\ 1115;\ \mathrm{sec.}\ 308,\ 72~\mathrm{Stat.}\ 750,\ 49~\mathrm{U.S.C.}\ 1349)$

[Doc. No. 6227, 30 FR 8040, June 23, 1965, as amended by Amdt. 151–24, 33 FR 12545, Sept. 5, 1968]

§ 151.113 Advance planning proposals: Sponsor eligibility.

The sponsor of an advance planning and engineering proposal must be a public agency, as defined in §151.37(a), and must be legally, financially, and otherwise able to—

- (a) Make the certifications, representations, and warranties required in the advance planning proposal, FAA Form 3731:
- (b) Enter into and perform the advance planning agreement;
- (c) Provide enough funds to pay all estimated proposal costs not borne by the United States; and
- (d) Meet any other applicable requirements of the Federal Airport Act and this subpart.

§ 151.115 Advance planning proposals: Cosponsorship and agency.

Any two or more public agencies desiring to jointly participate in an advance planning proposal may cosponsor it. The cosponsorship and agency requirements and procedures set forth in §151.33, except §151.33(a)(1), also apply